DNV·GL



MARITIME

Innovation and Energy Efficiency Dr. Karsten Hochkirch

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Maritime Advisory in a nutshell

Maritime Advisory

Service	We support maritime customers with technical & commercial advisory to design, build and operate their assets efficiently, safely and compliant								
Areas of expertise	 Fluid Engineering Structures Mechanical & Systems Engineering Noise & Vibration 	 Safety, Ris Shipping A Life Cycle 	sk & Reliability Advisory Management	ECO Solutions ECO Lines ECO Retrofit ECO Assistant ECO Insight 					
Facts	 Part of DNV GL Maritime Offices in Norway, Germany, China, Singapore, Greece, Dubai, USA, Australia 		 ~280 highly ~160 service Vast compute 	skilled staff es ational capacities					
Ungraded									

Maritime Advisory - Advanced Engineering Services

	Fluid	Structures	Mechanical & Systems	Noise & Vibration	Risk & Safety
Design optimisation	Hull lines & appendages	Structures	Systems		
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avanability	Gas flows	Composites	Network testing	Noise	Technology qualification
	Stability	LNG tanks		Shock	Arctic shipping
					Cyber security
Trouble shooting & LCM	Experimental in	vestigations and	cross discipline t	rouble shooting	
	Life cycle manag	gement			
Ungraded					

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Operational profile and main dimensions assessment

AIS Workbench

 E.g. AIS operational profile analysis for HMM of three different CV alliances, i.e. 3M, The Alliance and Ocean Alliance (65 vessels, 11 classes) to derive the operational profile for their envisaged

newbuildings



Power Index	Column Labels 💌										
Row Labels 💌	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%	Grand Total
10.	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.9%
10.5	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%	3.9%
11.	0.5%	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%	5.0%
11.5	0.4%	0.6%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%	4.3%
12.	0.4%	0.7%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	0.1%	5.1%
12.5	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	1.2%	0.5%	0.8%	0.5%	0.3%	6.5%
13.	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	1.2%	0.7%	1.0%	0.6%	0.5%	7.3%
13.5	0.4%	0.8%	1.0%	1.2%	1.2%	1.9%	1.2%	1.6%	0.9%	0.6%	10.7%
14.	0.4%	0.7%	1.0%	1.1%	1.3%	1.9%	1.7%	1.8%	1.1%	0.2%	11.2%
14.5	0.4%	0.7%	1.1%	1.2%	1.5%	2.2%	1.8%	2.2%	1.4%	1.3%	13.7%
15.	0.3%	0.5%	1.0%	1.0%	1.4%	2.0%	1.8%	2.1%	1.6%	0.9%	12.7%
15.5	0.3%	0.5%	1.1%	1.1%	1.6%	2.4%	2.2%	2.4%	1.8%	0.8%	14.3%
16.	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	0.0%	4.4%
Grand Total	4.4%	7.1%	10.0%	9.8%	11.2%	15.9%	12.5%	14.4%	9.8%	5.0%	100.0%

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Main Dimension Parametric Study

- Selection of optimum main dimensions based on a "cost per cargo mile" model and a parametric optimisation study
- Model includes capacity utilization, average speed, building cost, mortgage, interest rate, fuel price, days at sea, etc.
- Optimization includes hydrostatics, light ship weight, prediction of speed / power curves, and determination of maximum cargo intake for a range of cargos



Parametric optimization approach (1/2)

Parametric Setup

- Parametric hull model
- Validation of constraints
- >50 parameters allow large design space
- Genetic algorithms control hull evolution

Design Space Exploration

- Explore design space exploration (~1,000 designs)
- Assess constraints impact and improvement potential
- Find best design directions

Global Design Optimization

- >20,000 variants investigated
- Balancing of multiple objectives (e.g. stability and power requirements)







Typical result of global optimization phase



Parametric optimization approach (2/2)

Viscous Wake Optimization

- Optimize wake for propulsive efficiency and pressure pulses (~1,000 designs)
- Ranking of wake quality by DNVGL's unique wake indicators



Detailed CFD Analysis

- Absolute, quantified performance prediction for entire operational profile
- Propeller wake assessment

Post Design Preparation

- Final fairing of hull lines
- 3d geometry for model tests and further steps



Improvement levels



Benefit Case - ECO Lines for Hapag-Lloyd Cruises 230 Pax expedition cruise liner

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Hull line optimization for two 230 Passenger Expedition Cruiser

Due to polar operations bunker cost are second highest operating costs for this type of cruise vessel. DNV GL was contracted by **Hapag-Lloyd Cruises** to explore and utilize the hydrodynamic savings potential

DNV GL SOLUTION

- A dedicated **formal hull lines optimization** using state of the art optimization and analysis techniques was carried out in three steps.
 - Exploration of the savings potential and definition of hard points and constraints
 - Global optimization to exploit this potential for valid designs with respect to GAP and stability
 - Fine tuning of the design to further improve stern slamming behavior
- A close cooperation with Hapag-Lloyd Cruises and yard was key to make the full savings potential accessible.

VALUE DELIVERED

 > 10% saving in average over the defined operational profile by hull form optimization leading to a ROI of less than 6 month.



Benefit Case – ECO Lines for a Meyer Werft newbuilding

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Hull Line Optimization of modern cruise liner

For a new cruise liner the Meyer ship yard tried to push the current state of the art further in order to make its offer to ship owners even more attractive.

DNV GL was contracted to optimize the design for the operational conditions

DNV GL SOLUTION

- DNV GL's team ECO-Lines service was applied
- This includes parametric modelling of the ship hull shape and subsequent hydrodynamic analysis
- A substantial set of boundary conditions to conform with the design constraints made this project exceptionally complex



VALUE DELIVERED

 While maintaining the already outstanding performance of the hull at the design condition, a substantial improvement of almost 5% could be identified for the slower operating modes by taking advantage of a radical different bulb shape



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Ship Performance Simulator



- SPS application on Veracity allows to analyze, compare and benchmark design variants with respect to power demand
- Full-scale computational fluid dynamics (CFD) simulations, utilizing a VoF-RANSE (Volume of Fluid Reynolds-averaged Navier-Stokes equations)
- Yields web-based report, including a performance benchmark against database designs, hydrostatics, trial prediction, 3D visualization and expert conclusion
- Input required: 3D hull geometry IGES file, drafts, speed range, propeller main particulars and information on appendages
- Receipt of your report within 1 week

Sailing simulation and assessments

- Steady state and maneuvering simulation in 6 DOF
- Unique tool for performance assessment and maneuvering of wind powered craft
- Various levels of interfacing to 3rd party tools

- Sailing velocity prediction and maneuvering simulation
 - Stability evaluations
 - Maneuver analysis
 - Performance analysis
 - Race analysis
- Performance and maneuvering optimization



Benefit Case Sails - Assessment of CO2 savings potential by wind propulsion

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Assess the savings potential of a wind Power assisted cargo vessel

Various means of utilizing wind assisted propulsion for commercial vessels are proposed to our customers. However, it is not clear how these concepts will actually perform on a specific trade.



DNV GL SOLUTION

- Modeling the aero- and hydrodynamic components of the craft within DNV GL's unique performance assessment tool FS-Equilibrium. This tool has specifically been developed for sail performance assessment.
- Computing the performance and possible CO2 savings for the vessel depending on course and wind speed.
- Assessing the CO2 savings on specific routes taking into account the specific seasonal climate and wind conditions along the track. Conventional tracks as well as sail propulsion optimized tracks are evaluated.

VALUE DELIVERED

- By means of a statistical evaluation a sensible assessment of the attainable savings is compiled.
- Specific saving potential for given trade routes for the considered wind propulsion concept.
- Trade offs between sailing time and savings for wind propulsion optimized routes
- ROI calculation
- Basis for knowledgeable decision making when investing into wind propulsion systems.

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Global vibration analysis

- Computation of natural frequencies and forced vibration amplitudes by FE considering different service conditions
- Excitations from engines, propellers, slamming etc. can be considered
- Stringent automation of the analysis process enables to investigate the effect of design variants in very short time
- Customers benefit from
 - increased vibration comfort for passengers and crew
 - reduced risk of vibration damage and related repair cost and downtime of the vessel
 - minimised risk of exceeding contractual N&V limits



Cruise vessel global vibration model

Analysis of critical exciters for global vibration

- Direct calculation of slamming forces
- Yields valid input for N&V simulations and insights on potentially required design changes of the stern





- Propeller analysis to determine cavitation, pressure impulses, hydroacoustic noise and dynamic forces on blades and shaft
- Yields valid input for N&V simulations, insights to reduce excitations & radiated noise and helps to ensure compliance

Benefit Case – Structural vibration issues due to propeller excitation

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Noise and vibrations in aft ship

Noise and vibrations in the aft ship of a yacht were not meeting the specified design criteria.

Too high noise levels and severe vibrations were observed during the new building sea trial.



DNV GL SOLUTION

- Assist the owner and yard in identification of the root cause of the noise and vibration problem
- The propellers were identified, by means of measurements, as being the major source of the excitation
- A propeller-blade redesign was proposed, modifying the blade tips, based on experience based methodologies
- DNV GL consultants gave on site advise to the ship yard

VALUE DELIVERED

- Verification measurements proved the solution being correct and the specified noise and vibration levels were met
- Bringing the ship back to service on time
- The yard was facing a significant loss in reputation if the ship delivery was delayed and the cause of the delay were know. This was avoided

Benefit Case – Structural vibration due to stern slamming

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Stern slamming of a megayacht

Customer wanted to avoid noise caused by stern slamming impacts while anchoring at berth.

Not a typical design load task because problem is a comfort issue but not safety-related.

DNV GL was asked to find design solutions to effectively reduce noise due to stern slamming.



DNV GL SOLUTION

- Measurements confirmed stern slamming to be the source of noise and vibration
- CFD simulations replicated measured impact pressures
- Several types of retrofittable appendages were numerically investigated in order to mitigate severity of slamming
- Profiles mounted alongside the propeller tunnels turned out to best reduce slamming pressures while not impairing propulsion performance

VALUE DELIVERED

- Design solutions for reducing impact pressures at the stern were found
- Retrofitting of profiles significantly increased passenger comfort while anchoring

DNV GL offers a holistic noise control program

Stage 2:

Stage 1: Early design review



Favourable design changes can be found early, examples:

- Changed propeller diameter/rpm
- Design changes (e.g. change location of restaurant or suites)

Estimates of floor systems as input to purchase and weight calculations



Detect sweetspot between efficiency and forces induced by propellers

Changes in propeller design to avoid high forces

Avoid "problem" engines

Relevant for SILENT notation

Stage 3: Noise and Vibration analyses



Optimization of floor systems and other noise reducing measures

Reduce the risk of excessive vibrations during sea trial

Evaluate favourable engine phasing

Optimize the structural design, such as stiffener and girder dimensions, pillar locations, bulkheads, etc. Stage 4: Noise and Vibration measurements



Verification of the noise and vibration situation

Assistance if any issues occurring during sea trial, examples:

- Vibration of machinery
- Vibration during a particular phasing of engines
- Noise around exhaust system
- Silencer efficiency

Related Class Notations



MARITIME

COMFORT CLASS

Enhanced comfort and safety

Comfort Class is a voluntary class notation comprising a systematic evaluation of the comfort on board different ship types. Comfort Class gives owners, operators and yards the opportunity to apply well defined criteria. This ensures predictability in the specification and ordering phase, giving all parties a common understanding of the desired comfort.

Background

Habitability on board ships have been a major concern for ship owners and oil companies during the last two decades. This is related to crew being able to get sufficient rest when they are off duty and ensure satisfactory comfort for passengers on board cruise ships and yachts.

DNV GL Solution

Vessels which fulfil the requirements applicable for this notation will be given the class notation COMF-V(crn) on noise and vibration and/or COMF-C(crn) on indoor climate. The requirements are divided into three grades depending on the level of comfort achieved, i.e. comfort rating number (crn) 1, 2 and 3. Rating number 1 represents the highest level of comfort and 3 represents an acceptable level of comfort. Additionally, rating number 3 ensures compliance with MSC.337(91) on noise and ISO 6954 on vibration.

Compliance to the rules is to be verified through measurements when the vessel is completed.

Ungraded

OTHER RELEVANT SERVICES

- Noise prediction
 Local and global vibration analyses
- Verification measurements
 Troubleshooting
- Vibration Class
- Silent Class

Value delivered

- Number of accidents have proved to be significantly reduced after implementation of Comfort Class
- A high level of comfort increases the performance and
- vigilance of the crew consequently safer operation of ships The hability on board is a significant parameter for the ship's
- rating and reputation in the market



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Increased profits and data quality - reduced environmental footprint

SILENT class is the first set of rules for underwater noise emission from vessels ever published. The voluntary class notation will ensure vessels with satisfactory realistic underwater noise emissions thereby increasing data quality and catch rates and reducing the environmental footprint.

Background

Vessels such as seismic, fishing, offshore and research vessels rely on a controlled underwater noise emission in order to perform their tasks proficiently and effectively. Other vessels and in particular cruise vessels may need to demonstrate a controlled noise emission.

DNV GL Solution

Vessels which fulfil the requirements applicable for this notation will be given the class notation. The requirements for underwater noise levels are specified for four types of operations:

- Fishery (F): Vessels engaged in fishing
- Seismic (S): Seismic surveys vessels using acoustic streamers
- Research (R): Research and particularly noise critical vessels
- Acoustic (Å): Vessels using hydroacoustic equipment as important tools in their operation, e.g.survey vessels, ocean research vessels, pipe layers, diving vessels, various offshore support vessels, naval vessels, etc
- Environmental (E): Any vessel demonstrating a controlled environmental noise emission

OTHER RELEVANT SERVICES

Design review
 Verification measurements
 Troubleshooting
 Noise prediction
 Local and global vibration analyses
 Vibration class
 Comfort class

Value delivered

- Increased catch rates and profits
- Higher quality of scientific research data
 Increased quality of hydroacoustic data
- Demonstrate low environmental footprint
- Avoid costly delays when accessing regulated areas

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Ungraded					

Alternative design

- Alternative Designs offer individual and innovative solutions
- generate more income for owner, reduce construction and/or operational costs
- **Exemplary** alternative design are:
 - Oversized main vertical zones
 - Large life/tender boats
 - Unconventional or innovative materials
 - Novel systems or components not yet known to maritime market





Alternative design



Prescriptive Design rule compliant

Alternative Design

fulfilling functions and requirements of prescriptive design

- Analysis verifying the equivalence of alternative designs based on prescriptive / deterministic rules
- Analysis methods and process is geared to MSC/Circ.1002 /1212 /1455 and has to be agreed with the administration, if applicable
- Widens the design and solution space in terms of e.g. innovative
 - Design
 - Systems
 - Components
 - Materials
 - Operation
- Yields more attractive and competitive designs

Benefit Case - Alternative design large MVZ

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Enlarge vertical zone of cruise ship

Increased capacity of a theatre aboard a cruise ship by enlarging a main vertical zone (>48m)

DNV GL was asked to demonstrate equivalent safety of the proposed alternative design according to SOLAS II-2/17 and MSC/Circ.1002

DNV GL SOLUTION

- Overall Hazard Identification
- Identification of relevant scenarios
- Quantification with use of fire & evacuation simulations
- Holistic fire risk calculations
- Propose of (fire) risk control measures
- Documentation of acceptable fire safety and equivalency to SOLAS design
- Coordination with stakeholders

VALUE DELIVERED

- Elaboration of risk mitigating measures for alternative design
- Ensure a high level of fire safety by assessed alternative design
- Chance of innovative design to create wide open rooms and/or large public spaces
- Customer followed DNV GL's recommendations and achieved approval

Benefit Case - Alternative design large lifeboats

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Increased the capacity of the life boats of a cruise ship

The capacity of life boats exceeded 150 persons, thus an equivalence analysis was required

The shipyard asked DNV GL to quantify the risk for the reference and the alternative life saving appliance design, performing an evacuation analysis

DNV GL SOLUTION

- Performance of engineering analysis according to MSC/Circ.1212
- Failure Mode and Effects Analysis (FMEA) was carried out
- Event Tree Modelling was required to quantify the risk
- Evacuation Analysis is performed to determine the evacuation time required



VALUE DELIVERED

- Proof of equivalent level of safety for alternative LSA design
- It was proved that the alternative design shows a better evacuation safety than the reference design
- Elaboration of risk mitigating measures for alternative design
- Customer followed DNV GL's recommendations and achieved class approval

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Arctic shipping risk assessment & winterisation









- Arctic Shipping Risk Facilitate and provide HAZID and Risk Analyses related to Arctic operations
- Winterisation facilitate workshops, review and advisory related to new designs. optimisation, risk and energy mitigating solutions, operational procedures etc. Prepare documentation for the Notation
- GAP analysis: Rules and Regulations Advisory related to regulatory framework; DNVGL, IMO, ISO, IACS etc. Includes maintaining an overview of the regulatory framework
- Technology Qualification Help our customers with Technology Qualification of new or known technology to be applied in Arctic conditions
- Arctic Development Projects R&D and development related to Ice Load Monitoring, Ice Management, Field measurements
- Safety culture and human factors advisory work related to human performance and behaviour under Arctic conditions

Benefit Case - Evaluate impact of Polar Code regulation on expedition cruise fleet

SITUATION AND CRITICAL ISSUE

Polar code assessment & classification

A cruise operator with a fleet of expedition cruise ships operating in arctic areas requested DNV GL to investigate impact of new IMO Polar Code regulation on their operation

The assessment included both technical and operational assessment of the fleet



DNV GL SOLUTION

- Assess vessel's technical capabilities against IACS and IMO polar category, indicating the equivalent polar class of the vessels
- Analyse vessel itineraries using AIS data and planned itineraries
- Assess polar category required for these itineraries
- Indicate main modifications necessary to upgrade vessels to required category, and devise an order-of-magnitude type cost estimate
- Evaluate if small changes to itinerary would result in significantly lower upgrade requirements

VALUE DELIVERED

- Transparency on IMO Polar Code classification of existing fleet for better planning of future operation
- Technical requirements of future newbuildings have been made transparent to enable efficient discussions with the yard
- Route and cost assessment of required modifications, enabled management to take well founded assessment of future alternative routes
- The risk and technical assessment significantly supported flag state approval process

Thank you for your kind attention

Dr. Karsten Hochkirch Karsten.hochkirch@dnvgl.com +49 171 4040017

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